and falsely improveding him. The plea of Colons Elipara is that the days were need to track an an Entered is that the dogs were used to rear an an-knows third, who proved to be the negro that was easily. A writ of habous corpus was served on theneral (progory, who respected it, but saked an ex-tension writh January 15th to sower it, so that he might receive instructions from Washington in report to the masser. Golonel Elmore was released spon giving heavy tall.

From Europe.

Two linys Later News.

Haltfar, fire, 8 . The sie mehlp Asia, from Liverbes errived.

ENGLAND.

The Sean says that Parliament will probable

on the 28th of January. The question of Parlia-mentary reform shows increasing agission. Some diplomatic changes are spoken of. Lord Bloomield will shortly relinquish the Embessy at Vienna, and Lord Wodchouse, Lord Lieutenant of Ireland, was spoken of as his probable successor Lord Loftus will probably succeed Lord Napier at

Additional details are published of the demare done by the late gale, which is described as one of the most terrific known for many years. The reather continued very bolsterous.

The intest official report in recard to the cattle

Plague says that it is on the increase.

The trial of Dr. Hunter (practising in London ander an American diploma; for criminally assault

At a meeting of the Asiantic and Great Western stockholders, Sir Morton Peto and Mr. Forbes made elaborate statements and reports upon the condition and presents of the line, which they represent as

short encouraging.

Licerpool, Non-25.—A requisition is being signed in this city asking the Mayor to call a maeting to consider the condition of affairs in Jamaica.

THE PENIARS.

Despetches from Dublin announce that Stephen the Head Centre of the Fennan Brotherhood in Ireland, escaped from prison at 2 o'clock on the morning of the 24th ult. His escape, and the mystory attending it, caused great excitement.

In the Court of Queen's Bench, at Dublin, the Lord Chief Justice delivered the unantmous judgment of the Court, refusing the writ of Certiorari applied for by the Fenians, on the ground that it was

ad in Dublin. London, Nov. 25.—The British Government offers a reward of £1,000 sterling for the recapture of Stealso offer £300 sterling for information that may lead to bis arrest, with a free pardon to any person or persons concerned in his escape who may give such information. Nothing is known as to the mode or manner of Stephens' escape, except that his liberation must have been effected by some of the prison

A military riot was reported at Martinique between a large body of Zuaves and some marines. Nineteen were killed and fifty wounded on either side.

Paris, Nog. 25.—The Paris PATRIE prominently publishes the following:

Paris, Nog. 25.—The Paris Parisk prominently publishes the following:

Recent correspondence has brought a rumor from New York, announcing a rupture of the relations between our Minister at Washington and the Government of the United States. Some London journals have credited the rumor. Private information allows us to give a full denial to it. It appears in some of the American journals, among others in the Cocuran desertations, and the Hold of November, We attribute it to political and financial speculations. We are informed that the New York market was much excited by the announcement, and its authors have turned it to account. As secards the political speculators, it was their object to serve their own interests as recards England and Mexico. They wished, at all cost, to throw upon France the harred entertained in the North against England, and at the same time favor the last abortive attempts of the Junez party in Mexico. Thus, with that object in view, the rumor was served up of a difference between Paris and Washington as regards the Egyptian black troops. But all these reports are fulse, and they serve only to elicit the declaration that the most perfect good-feeling exists between M. de Monthalon and the American authorities.

SPAIN AND CHILLI.

A report was current in Paris, that Speia had noti-

A report was current in Paris, that Spain had not fied the British and French Governments of her willingness to accept mediation of European Powers in the Chilian difficulty. Madrid papers demand an doternational arbitration for the settlement of the affair. The Paris PATRIESBYS, the Spanish Government has sent instructions to Admiral Pareja not to attack the Chillan ports. The same journal says that Napo-Jeon had promised the deputation that waited on him that efficacious measures will be taken for the protection of French commerce in Chili. The reply of the British Foreign Office to the memorial of the London merchants, states that instructions were sent on the 18th to the British Minister at Madrid, and the memorialists may feel assured that Her Majesty's Government will use their best endeavor to bring out a speedy termination to the present disastrous state of things. Negotiations for a treaty of commerce between Spain and Italy were being commenced at

GLOBE states that a Cabinet council of the Spanish Ministry has been held, at which it was unanimous-ly resolved to back out of the Chilian affair, and that imperative orders have been despatched via York, ordering Admiral Pareja to stop proceedings, report progress, and await instructions from Madrid. Expuest entreaties reached the French Emperer to use his good offices in conjunction with England, towards a pacific solution of the affair, and the feeling against Spain on all sides thoroughly frightened Marshal O'Donnell.

AUSTRIA.

At the opening of the diet of the Province of Low er Austria, the September Patent and the Imperial manifesto there appended, were presented by order manifesto there appeared, were presented a vigorous of the Emperor. A resolution containing a vigorous protest against the patent as neconstitutional, and proposing the appointment of a Committee to take a consideration the reactionary effect of the patent proposing the appointment of a Committee to fato consideration the reactionary effect of the pa-upon the welfare of the country, was submitted to Diet and adopt d by a large majority. Similar possis were before numerous provincial Diets.

GREECE.

The Comondouros ministry has residened, owing to the want of confidence wore in the Champer. It is said that Bulgaris has again been summoned to form a Cabinet.

Latest Commercial.

Literpoot, Nov. 25-Etc.-Corron-The sales of cotton to-day west 7.00 bales, including 2.00 to speculators and exporters Market quiet and unchanged; Breadstryfe - inactive; Provisions quiet and teady, except bacon, which is easier; taltow is flat. London, Nov. 25-Ec.-Console closed at 80 kg/s for money. Hilmo Central shares, 85 kg/s; Eris shares, 86 kg/s; U.S. Five-Twentice, 64 kg/s.

Mexico.

Liberalist Reports.

Washington, Dec. 7 .- Mr. Romero, the Mexican minister, has received advices from El Paso up to the 9th of November last. President Justez had fixed the 13th of that mouth as the day of his departure for the City of Chihuab a to re-establish there the national government. The official paper from El Paso publishes two important decrees, dated the 8th of No-vember. The first declares that as an election for President has not been possible, on account of the French Invasion, therefore, by virtue of the extraordinary power with which Congress has clothed the Executive, and by virtue of the existing anomalous circum stances, the Executive declares that the constitu Monal term of the President is extended until another popular election can be held. This conclusion was verived at after full consultation with the leading

parelote, and is noterstood to express the popular with ft will be well received incommont. The second decree declares that as troperal (relegations) second decree declares that he transfer to Mexico and stayed in the United States only on his way to Mexico and stayed in the United States without any special purpose or over eight months, he will be emigned to a trial on his return to Mexico.

Imperialist Reports.

Now Orleans, from 1. The Malamore Resources of the 19th air, commercialise the citizens of the later on their createstance and bravery during the installings, and armogness the complete defeat and surprise of the besievers. It also serie that several of the leading Literals on the frontle; have accepted Maximillier; amnest, and that many other will soon folion the recompte. The elegraph will soon be extended from functoring to Tampico and Max.

New Orleans, free & We Hale, a prominent law Merican side of the Elo Grande, has just arrived from a four in Mexico. He is of the opinion that the Literal cause as tellure. He was in Maintona

Death Sentence I pon a Woman.

Mr. Martha (trinder, condemnest to death for polsonions a woman, is to be based to Pittsburg, Pa., on the 19th of January. The day of execution was announced to her on Tuesday. The Consistent says:

When the sheriff energed, the unfortunate soman greates him, but on seems the rowd, widerful divined the objects of the widt, and sinking down on the cot, covered her less with her hands and softend bittely. Sheriff Slowart then read the death warrant, fring the 19th of January, 1956, as the day of her execution. During the time of the reading of this feating doors the prisoner gave way to violent grief, and in a vehement manner protested her inconvence. After the reading, Inomas M. Marshall, Equ., counsel for the prisoner gave may to violent as felling manner, informing her that there was no hope of parlion or Executive interference; shast the Governor had gone to Cula, and would not return ontil the dread day had passed. He dread her to banks all thoughts of essage or pardon, and impored her to make dilicent use of the time allosted to make that preparation for death we all need. Mrs. Grinder replied that she was a sincer and had great need of preparation, but she was innocent of the crime of which abe had been convicted. She then requested an interview with her husband, and urred his discharge from prison, as he, too, was innocent. On being ridd that the request would be granted site appeared more composed, and others, good bye, requesting them to visit her again and After all of the spectator had left the cell extensions of the reliance of the two desterms of which abe had been would not the request would be granted site appeared more composed, and others, good bye, requesting them to visit her again, and others, good bye, requesting them to visit her again, and others, good bye, requesting the bed. Restoratives were immediately splent, and through the event were immediately splent, and through the attentions of her cell make and those around, she was some Martha Grinder, condemned to death for pola ming & woman, is to be hanged in Pittsburg. Pa

The St. Louis Expuntions of Tuesday says:

The St. Louis Expunsion of Tuesday says:

Jane Hert, a girl of spotiess reputation, between 15 and 17 years of age, who resided with her step-laother, on Carondoiet awenue, committed suicid about 8 o'clock the night before last, by jumping into the river. It seems that herself and a still younger sister had left their step-mother's roof on account of gross improprieties of conduct and acts of a shameless character on her part. The two returned home after a few days' absence, and Jane was chastised by her mother for having taken her younger sister away from her mother. She then again left the house, which was on Sunday evening, and finding no home or friends with whom to take returne, she on Monday avening, again returned to her stepmother's house, but, meeting with the same ill usage, she went out the door and ing that sike would not again give any more trouble to any one. She then walked down Miller street, directly to the river side, and getting upon a cost barge which was lying near the foot of the street, was seen by some boarment or pring from the outer side of the boat into the water. She at once disappeared, and was carried away by the current.

Estimating Weight of Cattle by Measure

The CANADA FARMER, in reply to a correspond ent, says:

ent, says:

Many experiments have been made by graziers and salesmen to ascertain the net weight of cattle by measurement, and a number of rules and tables have been formed of the results obtained. None, however, can be regarded as absolutely correct. With the most accurate measuring is required a practical acquaistrance with the points and forms of animals, and allowance must be made according to age, size, breed, mode and length of time of fattening, etc.; conditions which require a practiced eye and long experience to appreciate. We have found the collowing method to lead generally to trustworthy results: Measure carefully with a tape line from the top of the shoulder to where the tail is attached to the back; tofs will give the length. For the girth, measure immediately behind the shoulder and tore legs. Multiply half the girth by itse f in teet, and the sum by the length in feet, and the product will give the net weight in stones of eight pounds each. For example, with an ox or cow five teet in length and seven feet in girth, the calculation will be as follows:

Multiply half the girth by itself in feet... 3.5

12.25 Multiply by length in feet

Monday, December 11.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 10. Official information has been received as the Department of State of the adoption of the amend-ment to the Constitution upon the subject of slavery. by the Legislatures of the States of Illinois, Rhode Maine, Pennsylvania, Wisconsin, Nevada, Minneso ta, Kansas, New York, Connecticut, West Virginia, New Hampshire, Maryland, Vermont Louisiana, Arkansas, Tennessee, South Carolina and Louisiana, Arkanisas, Tennessee, South Carolina and Virginia. These tunks twenty-three States. Telescriptic communication has been received of the adoption of the amendment by the three States of North Carolina, Georgia and Alaisama. No information of any kind has been received of its adoption or resection by Indiana, Iowa, California, Oregon, Florda, Mississipp or Texas. Official intelligence of its rejection by the Lagislatures of Kentucky. Delaware and New Jersey has also been received, Immediately after the passage of the resolutions by Congress, an attested cup of the amendment was forwarded by the Secretary of State to the Governor of each State; and some time ago the Secretary also sent a circular to the Governors reminding them of the duty imposed upon him by the act of Congress of the 20th of April, 1818, to give public notice when the amendment shall have been ratified by the requeste number of States. From this it will be seen how desirable it is that the States which have not reported or decided upon the matter should lose no time in doing so.

It is understood that the constitutionality of the

It is understood that the constitutionality of the act of Congress prescribing the test oath is now before the Supreme Court, on the application of A. H. Garland, of Arkanias. The whole question will

The Southern members elect to Congress are still here, but some of them, believing that it will be a long time before they are admitted, contemplate returning home and remaining there until the door is opened to receive them.

nator Morgan proposes to introduce early next week a bill to revise the Pension laws and make them more uniform in operation. Under the laws in force a soldier who has lost both arms, legs, or eyes, gets twenty-five dollars per month for his support; while a poor Jack tar in the same wretched condition gets only eight dollars.

Members of Congress are already overwhelmed with letters and personal applications from parties who wish to be nominated to the War Department for positions in the army, a recent order having been issued for the filling of vacancies in the regular service by an equal apportionment among the States -one first or one second lieutenant to be appointed from each Congressional district.

The only pardons ganted Saturday were those to a few Texans. The State Department is still besieged, however, by those who have heretofore received the Executive clement, and who are now anxious to

Executive cases and section of the consultation of the consultatio with Secretary Search, yesterday, on the sulject of a ffairs connected with the Mexican mission.

Speaker Coffee Respenie own sounsels and consults with but few, if any members as to the constitution of the standing committees. The subject is one with interest to an engraptic class of mon hors

POLITICAL ISTELLIGENCE, Louisiana.

New Orleans, Dr. S. The Louisians Lecislature to-day a coted Judge Harry Boyer, of Alexandria. I mised States Senator Refero the war he was I nited States Senators Select from this State now are How. Eaudall Hunt and Judge Boyer. The Indianal cations are strongly syminat the Lagislature calling a State Convention.

Tierlastppi.

New Orleans, Inc. 8. The committee of the Misof the Constitutional amendment, not from any object tion to the first, but to the second clause,

Kentucky

Prankfort, Ky Diec. 3.—Resolutions were yester-day introduced into the House endorsing Presiden-Johnson's reconstruction policy, favoring a seneral amnesty, and recommending the pardon of Jefferse

Louisville, Dec. 9. There was a large and entha einstle meeting in the Court Flouse to-day, in reference to the late imposchment of Mayor Tamphert. for his refusal to sign a contract with the Louisvi and Portland Railway Company. The meeting parsel resolutions restained has Mayor, and appointed a Committee to proceed to Prancipor to sax the Legislature to mend the City Chaffer, so that in case of a vacancy in the Mayorally, the election shall devoive upon the people, and that any officer removed by imperchance in may be slightle for reflection. The Hoard of Aldermen was requested to postpone the trial of the Mayor unit one week from Monday.

North Carolina.

Raleigh, N. C., Dec. 9.—The Legislature counted the vote for Governor to-day. Worth received 32,529 Holden, 25,809; majority for Worth, 5,730. Vanc received 132, Stamper 52, and R. F. Hoke 22. Legislature had passed a joint resolution to inau gurate Worth to-day, but rescinded it this morning passing a resolution to adjourn on the 18th inst., to meet on the let of February.

Georgia.

New Orleans, Dec. 9.—The Macon (Ga.) JOURNAL has a letter dated the 3d inst., from Milledgeville, eaying that Provisional Governor Johnson has received orders from Washington to retain his position until further instructions; also that he has orders not to issue certificates of election to the Georgia Congress-

Alabama.

Caire, Ill., Dec. 9.-It is reported that the rebel General Withers, Mayor elect of Mobile, has been informed that he will not be allowed to exercise the functions of his office until he has received pardon

from President Johnson.

New Orleans, Dec. 9. - Provisional Governor Parsons has received a dispatch, of the 5th inst., from Secre-tary Seward, congratulating bim, the Governor, and the country in the President's name, on the accept-ance by Alabama of the Censtitutional Amendment, which completed the number of States required to make the amendment the law of the land.

Texas. New Orleans. Dec. 7. - Judge Paschal, on his return from Washington to Austin, issued an address to the people of Texas, informing them as to what will be required to get the State back into the Union State Convention must declare slavery -that the State Convention must declare slavery abolished, and that it can never exist except as a punjshment for crime-and recognize the rights of the nexros freemen, not implying thereby, however, his social equality with the white man, or his equality at the polis. The Legislature must ratify the constitutional ameniment, and declare the secasion ordinance, the ratification of the Confederate constitution, and the dependent sets for resistence null and voit, and also the State war deat. The Judge cautions the people as to whom they elect to carry these measures into effect. Great importance will be attached to their choice as an evidence of their sincerity. General constitutional tylonas outside of the above measures, will not be allowed unless submitted to the people for ratification. Virginia.

Virginia.

Some interesting facts in regard to Virginia legislative proceedings are given by a Richmond corres pondent. The members of the Legislature, it is deciared, have decided that devotion to the rebel cause during the war is to be the measure of merit, cause during the war is to be the measure of merit, and they have therefore resolved to oust the Unionists holding office under appointment from Governor Pierpont, and appointed next Tuesday for electing secession successors to them. They have also, its is stated, adopted an amendment to hely state constitution which not only does away with all disabilities for holding office on account of participation in the rebellion. But does not even require the oath of alleriance to the national sovernment to be taken. A joint committee has been appointed by the two houses to confor with the infliency authorities and urge the immediate removal of the national tropping the State, one member remarking, during the discussion over the matter, that he thought they "had truckled to the government long enough."

Kentucky.

Important Official Action Relative to

Louisville, Ry., Dec. 9. - In the Jefferson Circuit Court, in the case of the Commonwealth of Kentucky versus Major General J. M. Palmer, for aiding a slave to escape, Judge Johnston dismissed the indistment on the ground that the requisite number of States had adopted the Constitutional Amendment abolish ing slavery before the indictment, and therefore all criminal and penal acts of the Kentucky Legislature

General Palmer basissued a proclamation declaring that slavery has ceased in the State of Kentucky He also advises the colored people to promptly apply to the courts for redress if the public conveyances shall disregard their right to travel at pleasure, provided they conform to reasonable regulations.

TENNESSEE BRIGANDS,

Extensive Operations. Nashville, Dec. 10 .- A band of robbers, four in number, have been operating on the Murfreesboro Pike. They have robbed all the residents within 15 miles of Nashville. A strong military force is in hot pursuit of the outlaws.

Mexico.

The Evacuation of Chihuahua.

The evacuation of Chihuahna by the French is fully confirmed by the following official letter just received from the United States Consul at that city dated October 8, 1865, and addressed to the com-manding officer of the United States forces at Frank-

DEAR SIR. This morning the last of the French DEAR SIR—This morning the last of the French forces under Gen. Sirncourt evacuated this capital, and the whole brigade is now moving southward, in obtedience to orders from Mexico. Those Mexicans who have accepted office and given alleriance to the Empire are running away in company with the French. The true reasons of this strategy and concentration are not positively knewn in this city.

Your observed we want, United States Consul.

This movement of the French is construed to indiresistance, committed a military blunder by scattering their troops over too great an extent of country remote from the base of operations, and that the French commander has finally abandoned the attempt of holding frantier States in close subjection to the Imperial Government, until his army is materially increased by foreign reinforcements.

The Chilian Blockade.

San Francisco. Dec. 4.—The steamer Montana, rig the Straits of Magellan Sept. 6th. arrived here last night. She repris that she found Valparaiso blockaded by the Spanish and was not allowed to land her passencers there. Left there United Atatas ear recents Wateres, St. Marys and Metiogen. The Spaniards were biretuding seven of the Chillen ports

The Stains of Pardoned Rebels.

The Supreme Court of the United States now has before it the following exen :

before it the following case:

The United States, plaintiff in error, vs. Large
W. Wiley. It involves this question: "Does the
Persident's pardon remit the sentence of forfeiture of sabel preparty and rematate the rebel in all
his tights it ereto." This was a motion of Leroy
M. Wiley. "endant in error and appeal of the United
States, on the ground that the President's parion,
and the acceptance and compliance with the terms
herrof for his decident. M. W. ley, "egoant in error and appeller, to demine the error of error and appeal of the United
States, on the ground that the President's purious,
and the acceptance and compliance with the terms
bereof by the de entant, discharged and remitted
ine for fetture for which a nience of conference in
many promounced in the D strict Court, by pardoning the acid by which since, if as all, that forest
ire was mourred. The cause originated in an information filed in the D strict Court, by pardoning the acid by which since, if as all, that forest
ire was mourred. The cause originated in an information filed in the D strict Court, or the Courte
S and for the Southern terror thereof, and one
Charles Gould, mande as the informer, and of the
series of Congress of 1901 and 1902, commonly
known as the Confession Acid, for the confession and infections of seventeen numbered and fitysix shares of the capital stock of the Great Western
Railrows Company of 1953, and upwards of \$80,000
due on coupons of bonds of the same corporation,
as the property of the defendant, on the two-lold
ground alleged in the information—first, of alleged
ines of property by Mr. Wiley in aid of the rebellibro, under the act of 1861; and, second, of alleged
ireasonable acid of Mr. Wiley, under the act of
1962. The motion to dismiss this cause was anbounced by Mr. Laroque, in its support,

Rained by the War. The New Orleans Cussoner tells this story !

A relic of the past is seen in a man, bearing upon his face and body the impress of many years. This man walks the streets daily, bearing the marks of misfortune, amid the friends he had known in bester years, but with an appearance so changed, one can haroly recognize in him the Mercutio of the Crescent city, the gay, withy and elegant gentleman, who was at one time the very leader of fashiou. Seedy habilimens, a bem body and wrinkled face, have nearly obliterated all in him that was amiliar in the past. Inherming a great fertune, he increased it largely by marriage, and from his profession at the bar, had an income of forty or fifty thousand dollars a year, and received a single fee of sixty thousand dollars upon a claim on real estate in the lower part of the city. This wealth he scattered with princely generosity and royal profusion. He was a Luculius at home, and his hospitalities aspired to all the marrificence of the ancient Roman nobleman. In 1837 he gave a single soirce that cost \$25,000, and which exceeded in aplender anything ever before known here. The very floors over which the dancers moved were covered with scenic paintings, the work of the most accomplished artist then in New Orleans; and in the saloon were gaming tables were arranged stood two baskets—one filled with bank notes and the other with gold, for the use of those guests who were minoriumate with the fickle goddens. The dispenser of this gorgoous hospitality is now dependent upon his relatives. He takes his loss with Christian resignation, and does not fly from the world or rail against it, live Timon of Attens, but moves through the world with a pleasant and urbane manner, as if he had still the princely fortune at command. Such cases as this are common since the war. A relic of the past is seen in a men, bearing upon his face and body the impress of many years.

JOHN BULL AND THE PENIANS. What the English Journals Say.

(From the London TIMES, 25th.)

What the English Journals Say.

(From the London Times, 25th.)

The Head Centre of all the Fenlans of Ireland, Mr. James Stephens, alias Flower, who was apprehended only a forthight are has just escaped from Richmond Prison, probably by the connivance of some of the prison officials. As the Government has effered £1,000 for his recapture and £300 more to information, he will probably be soon again in custody; but the event is likely to cast asspict on on the fidelity of an important body of men, and to increase the caution with which the Irish towerment deals with sheet troublesome conspirators. Stephens, who has been raised by the Fennan authorities, or has raised himself, to the office and dignity of chief of the Republican plotters was, we believe, originally connected with Mr. William Smith O'Brion, and learnt treason in the school of the rebols in 1848. He has, however, only emerged into history since the scheme for making Ire and independent by American aid has been formed on the other side of the ceen. As a man indowed with more than the usual Fenian education, he took the lead, and att ined at once the high position, which, unleas he succeeds in making his escap, from Ireland altogether, is likely to give him an unpleasant presents to have basiled justice. While the lawyers of the Queen's Bench were discussing the question of a certical and a leagth which encumbers our columns, Mr. James Stephens moved a more effective eer to airs himself, and postponed his trial beover a Special Commission by the simple expedient of breaking prison. We have as yet no means of knowing how he made has acape, and how that any one at the Richmond Prison is connected with it. But Mr. Stephens is a man of sunnected with it. But Mr. Stephens is a min of sunnected with it. But Mr. Stephens is a min of sunnected with it. But Mr. Stephens is a min of sunnected with it. But Mr. Stephens is a min of sunnected with it.

(From the Dublin Evening Mal.)

is blown over.

(From the Dublin Evening Mail.)

It will be remembered that Stephens, at the examination before Mr. Stronge, affected a manner which would justify the belief that he ield little concern as to the difficulty in which he was involved. At that time it was expected that he would be indicted for high treason. The Governor of Richmond Bridewell, who had from the first an additional force of five-and-twenty police constables to watch the Fenian prisoners, recently, under directions from the Board of Supermendence, sent in a requisition for the reduction of that force to three, with a view to curtailing the expenses to be charged against the rates of the city. Three constables only were accordingly employed to aid the prison officials at night, but how valueless their services were may be learned from the fact that they were separated by a substantial wall and formidable iron door from the department in which the men to be watched were located. Mr. Marquis, the Governor, with anxiety to prevent any communication between the serviced Fenians Ties Prisoner so placed between James Stephens and Charles J. Kickham—whose coils are situated on the second story—state that he he heard this morning, at a few minutes that he he heard this morning, at a few minutes the stairs. Shortly afterwards a sound struck his ear of a lock teins opened, and then, to use his own expression. Two sets of steps? going down stairs. He did not raise any starm at the time, not suspecting that at was the night watchman Byrne, who told him that Stephens was missing. An examination immediately took place, when it was discovered that a cupilicate key was in the lock of the cell in which Stephens was define accomplished, and thinking that it was the night he watchman Byrne, who told him that Stephens was missing, An examination immediately took place, when it was discovered that a cupilicate key was in the lock of the cell in which Stephens was missing. An examination immediately took place, when it was discovered that a cupilicate key wa

London Morning Herald)

London Morning Herald.)

The Federal government has hardly acted a wise or distributed part in regard to the F. nian aritation. It is unworthy of a power which pretends to respect public law, and which desires to maintain peace, to allow a conspiracy to be carried on within its light-diction for the invasion of the dominions of meither diction for the invasion of the dominions of meither or Kossuth, so long as their execution is to take place solely on Italian or Hungarian soil, and the property of the invasion of Venetic or of Hungarian soil, which is the place should speedily knock the scheme on the heady Sowed one ask the Americans to prevent Michonay talking of an Irish Republic, or sending more mortal instructions to his dopes in Jublin; but we mortal instructions to his dopes in Jublin; but we mortal in have every serious consequences. To say nothing of the embarra aments which must arise from our demand to the extrantion of the manualets—the permission of such outrages would clearly be a cause betti, and the exasperation which they would produce would render the maintenance of peace impossible. The United States cannot at one and the same time be the territory of a friendly power, and the home and harborage of an enemy.

Tax guerrilla, one-armed Berry, was captured on Sunday, near Bloomfield, Ky.

Tolographic News Items.

A regro was shot deat, last week, at Team, by a boy 14 years of age. The positing the boy with a store

Ray, Heray Wasp Preones is to address on behalf of the American P Commission, in the hall of the House of intives on Wednesday next.

It is stated that Gen. Grant, at a re-tiven by Gen. School, in Charleston, inself in favor of driving Mux mi-exico while we have plenty of vetera:

Is the management of the cotton parts of Louisans and Arkansas couffing between the civil supportion and tisgent. Mr. Burbrings, the Transus New Orleans, having instructed the area to disregard write of sequestration than is need by State Course.

ON Theeday the Government will thom at Alexandr a, Va., the largest an P. Ity it has ever offered at the East, inclinic 2,500,000 het of lumber, 2,500 feed from 2,000 cs wheels, all the machinery and blacksmithery. Ac.

A HAROLICAL Outrage was perper wards rile, Indiana, last week. Myley was found in his baro in an inset too, with forty-three cuts and an person. Has leg had also been laid and he foot out off. He was alive at No af cets have been made. The annual report of the Director

dollars.

THE BAVENDER HERALD of the 4th that Mr. G. B. Lamer, Sr., and M. Jr., were arrested in Savannah on Saing, in obedience to orders from Deparquarters. The charge upon which the were arrested is, the HERALD learns, bribe the United States Treasury Age charge or the captured cotion.

On Transfer public last some of the dollars

On Tuesday night last some of the Freelmen, while on a spree, remove two hundred gates from their his them they smashed to pieces the others they threw upon the rainous satisfied with this they desiroused on in might have done to reand might have done more damag not been arrested by the police, Fo offenders were committed for trial

MARY FLANIGAN, a resident of Wa-MARY FLANIGAN, a resident of Wash sold a cooking-stove to Rebecca Worsell, who made a payment on it, no probability of setting the balance home of Mrs. Woodward on Friday—breakfast cooking on the stove at herself absent at the moment—and catiove. This proceeding, however, purprofitable one, for Mary, in admits burning her fingers, was arrested at to jall.

to jail.

A MAN named Frohn has been arrelington, Ramine county, Wisconsiu, a most diabolical murder. The circust follows: Antony Cook and his win church on Sunday morning last, les three children—a nice, aged thirteen nine, and a little daughter, aged thing, they found that all were murdapparently been killed with an age dead, and the other lived but a few mas unable to tell anything. Cook withe man Frohn, who worked for it \$2,000 in mouey is the house, though

A curious case of mob law occurriller last week. It appears that Promusic teacher of that city has in his marriage contract made between his wealthy young lady of that place, any suitors have recently asked the said young lady, but being refused, a to their knowledge that she was abothe bride of a Frenchman, they detern themselves together, and make war. They accordingly repaired to his violently secorted the man of music to station, put him into a car and three he ever returned to that city again shoot him. The Professor is about legal proceedings against the perpetroutrage. A curious case of mob law occu

NEW YORK, SATURDAY, Coffee, B. — Java, 28a30; St. Domin Rio, fair to prime, 18a31; Marsacillo, Cetten, ib. — Mid. New Orleans, — Upland, 48; de Mobile, 49.

Domistic goods, gasel, —Shirting, blct Shelig brown, 21a37; Theached, 20a1

Figh, cut.—Dry cod, 7 04a9 25; Mack 17 75aa — ; No. 2, do. — a16 75; eca—pt0.

17 Tonas——; No. 2, do, ——a16 75; scal—ré0.

Pour and Meal, bbl.—Genessee, ex. Ohio, e. to f. 8 don't 150; ticonectoe, state, a. to ex. f. 1628 40; Missour Canadian, ex. 7 55a1 25; Rye flour, 6 meal, 4 25; Do Brandywine, —a4 65.

Oits.—Crude Whate, 1 65a1 75; bleas——; Crude Sperim.—a2 45; unblenche-Lard Oil. 2 20a2 30; Linseod, 14 al 17 Kerosene, 85a88.

Provis ons.—Beef, m. bbls. 11 00a2 m., 14 0a1 70; Pork, clear, new, nom., 26 00a36 25; nw mess, Jan. 30, 27 50a286 [6a20—; Butter, Orange county, h. N. Y. State, Welsh tubs, fine, 32a47; N. Y. State, fine, 42a47; N. Y. State, firkine, soot, good to choice Western, 30a36; Pena medium, 28a12 Cheese, State factory, arch. 1849—State, fair to food, fire. good to choice Western, 30a35; Pengi medium, 28a12; Cheese, State factory, per lb., [Sa19 -: Sta e. fair to good, 17e-jes, choice, 184a13; English dairy, (a English dairy (the) 20a22; Vermont s. Sugars, 50a19 spec fb., 184a14; Havana, a Sugars, 15a19 spec fb., 185; Virginia, oleaf, 6a20.

West, 4b. -53a71 for State and Willer Ohio and Pennsylvania; West by Southern unwashed at —; pulled, at 6a26, 3fa42.

57a42.

Miscelleneous. — Rice, 100 lb. Carry 13%a13%; do. Ranscon, 9%a10%; lsland, bush., 49%a46; Liverpool, sackatile soap, per lb., 21a21%; 11op. ero. 1865. do. 58a63; Hay, 100 lb. 60a6a; and 70a85 for retail lots; Candles, city)

A RCANA WATCH - AS durable and reliable as the fine Gents' size, Hunting case, Lev. Ladies' Hunting Case, St. ARCANA WATCH

BEST, CHEAPEST AND MOST; The Model Dye of the World, is used it all others, because 11 DOES NOT STAIN THE and as all who have tried it, asknowles at DOES NOT INJUKE THE of but changes Red or Grey hair to a beau said all others. Consider the world of the state of th

Who List Ave. 20 Beckman st. Cherry st. Miller & Reed, 150 Allen. and cor. Houston st. and Ave. Dr. Hoa. ave. Forter & Fairchild, 415 Hudson st. ave. Drugsits can also be supplied by TENTON, 38 Sixth ave.

THE NEW YORK

Published daily, Sundays ex TWO CENTS PER COPY-12 CENTS Delivered anywhere in the city offermali: Six Bellars per year, -threst 50; six months, s3.

THE SUN was the originator of the six orsanization, and has the finest averaging the second of the six of the second of

A Weekly Edition of the

is published every Tuesday. Terms:
the mail, if desired Tuesday. Terms:
the mail, if desired Tuesday. Terms:
Stues enterion Pater—one notice
whether by single copy or in clubs—of
per in the world. Postage on Daily
a quarter, \$1.20 a year. Postage or
quarter, \$20 a year. Postage or
quarter, \$20 a year. payable where
Middless all letters to Tuesday.
Middless All Land Real State
Middless All L